under the conditions described in §99.36.

- (11) The disclosure is information the educational agency or institution has designated as "directory information", under the conditions described in \$99.37.
- (12) The disclosure is to the parent of a student who is not an eligible student or to the student.
- (13) The disclosure, subject to the requirements in §99.39, is to a victim of an alleged perpetrator of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense. The disclosure may only include the final results of the disciplinary proceeding conducted by the institution of postsecondary education with respect to that alleged crime or offense. The institution may disclose the final results of the disciplinary proceeding, regardless of whether the institution concluded a violation was committed.
- (14)(i) The disclosure, subject to the requirements in §99.39, is in connection with a disciplinary proceeding at an institution of postsecondary education. The institution must not disclose the final results of the disciplinary proceeding unless it determines that—
- (A) The student is an alleged perpetrator of a crime of violence or non-forcible sex offense; and
- (B) With respect to the allegation made against him or her, the student has committed a violation of the institution's rules or policies.
- (ii) The institution may not disclose the name of any other student, including a victim or witness, without the prior written consent of the other student.
- (iii) This section applies only to disciplinary proceedings in which the final results were reached on or after October 7, 1998.
- (15)(i) The disclosure is to a parent of a student at an institution of postsecondary education regarding the student's violation of any Federal, State, or local law, or of any rule or policy of the institution, governing the use or possession of alcohol or a controlled substance if—
- (A) The institution determines that the student has committed a disciplinary violation with respect to that use or possession; and

- (B) The student is under the age of 21 at the time of the disclosure to the parent.
- (ii) Paragraph (a)(15) of this section does not supersede any provision of State law that prohibits an institution of postsecondary education from disclosing information.
- (b) Paragraph (a) of this section does not forbid an educational agency or institution from disclosing, nor does it require an educational agency or institution to disclose, personally identifiable information from the education records of a student to any parties under paragraphs (a)(1) through (11), (13), (14), and (15) of this section.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1232g(a)(5)(A), (b)(1), (b)(2)(B), (b)(6), (h), and (i))

[53 FR 11943, Apr. 11, 1988; 53 FR 19368, May 27, 1988, as amended at 58 FR 3189, Jan. 7, 1993; 61 FR 59296, Nov. 21, 1996; 65 FR 41853, July 6, 2000]

## § 99.32 What recordkeeping requirements exist concerning requests and disclosures?

- (a)(1) An educational agency or institution shall maintain a record of each request for access to and each disclosure of personally identifiable information from the education records of each student.
- (2) The agency or institution shall maintain the record with the education records of the student as long as the records are maintained.
- (3) For each request or disclosure the record must include:
- (i) The parties who have requested or received personally identifiable information from the education records; and
- (ii) The legitimate interests the parties had in requesting or obtaining the information.
- (b) If an educational agency or institution discloses personally identifiable information from an education record with the understanding authorized under §99.33(b), the record of the disclosure required under this section must include:
- (1) The names of the additional parties to which the receiving party may disclose the information on behalf of the educational agency or institution; and

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- (2) The legitimate interests under \$99.31 which each of the additional parties has in requesting or obtaining the information.
- (c) The following parties may inspect the record relating to each student:
  - (1) The parent or eligible student.
- (2) The school official or his or her assistants who are responsible for the custody of the records.
- (3) Those parties authorized in §99.31(a) (1) and (3) for the purposes of auditing the recordkeeping procedures of the educational agency or institution.
- (d) Paragraph (a) of this section does not apply if the request was from, or the disclosure was to:
  - (1) The parent or eligible student;
  - (2) A school official under §99.31(a)(1);
- (3) A party with written consent from the parent or eligible student;
- (4) A party seeking directory information; or
- (5) A party seeking or receiving the records as directed by a Federal grand jury or other law enforcement subpoena and the issuing court or other issuing agency has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the information furnished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1880-0508)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1) and (b)(4)(A)) [53 FR 11943, Apr. 11, 1988, as amended at 61 FR 59297, Nov. 21, 1996]

## § 99.33 What limitations apply to the redisclosure of information?

- (a)(1) An educational agency or institution may disclose personally identifiable information from an education record only on the condition that the party to whom the information is disclosed will not disclose the information to any other party without the prior consent of the parent or eligible student.
- (2) The officers, employees, and agents of a party that receives information under paragraph (a)(1) of this section may use the information, but only for the purposes for which the disclosure was made.
- (b) Paragraph (a) of this section does not prevent an educational agency or

institution from disclosing personally identifiable information with the understanding that the party receiving the information may make further disclosures of the information on behalf of the educational agency or institution if:

- (1) The disclosures meet the requirements of §99.31; and
- (2) The educational agency or institution has complied with the requirements of §99.32(b).
- (c) Paragraph (a) of this section does not apply to disclosures made to parents of dependent students under §99.31(a)(8), to disclosures made pursuant to court orders, lawfully issued litigation subpoenas. or §99.31(a)(9), to disclosures of directory information under §99.31(a)(11), to disclosures made to a parent or student under §99.31(a)(12), to disclosures made in connection with a disciplinary proceeding under §99.31(a)(14), or to disclomade parents sures to under §99.31(a)(15).
- (d) Except for disclosures under §99.31(a) (9), (11), and (12), an educational agency or institution shall inform a party to whom disclosure is made of the requirements of this section.
- (e) If this Office determines that a third party improperly rediscloses personally identifiable information from education records in violation of \$99.33(a) of this section, the educational agency or institution may not allow that third party access to personally identifiable information from education records for at least five years.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(4)(B))

[53 FR 11943, Apr. 11, 1988, as amended at 61 FR 59297, Nov. 21, 1996; 65 FR 41853, July 6, 2000]

## § 99.34 What conditions apply to disclosure of information to other educational agencies or institutions?

- (a) An educational agency or institution that discloses an education record under §99.31(a)(2) shall:
- (1) Make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent or eligible student at the last known address of the parent or eligible student, unless:
- (i) The disclosure is initiated by the parent or eligible student; or